Before the FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION Washington, DC 20554

In the Matter of

Amendment of the Commission's Rules
Regarding the 37.0-38.6 GHz and
38.6-40.0 GHz Bands

Implementation of Section 309(j) of the
Communications Act -- Competitive
Bidding, 37.0-38.6 GHz and 38.6-40.0 GHz

Bidding, 37.0-38.6 GHz and 38.6-40.0 GHz

U S WEST, INC. REPLY COMMENTS

U S WEST, Inc. ("U S WEST") on behalf of its telecommunications subsidiaries, hereby responds to the comments filed in the above-referenced docket concerning licensing and technical rules for operations in the 37.0-38.6 GHz and 38.6-40.0 GHz bands. U S WEST limits these reply comments to three important issues raised in the NPRM and in comments filed in this proceeding.

Commenters referenced herein include: Ameritech Corporation ("Ameritech"); Association for Local Telecommunications Services ("ALTS"); AT&T Wireless Services, Inc. ("AT&T"); Bachow and Associates, Inc. ("Bachow"); BizTel, Inc. ("BizTel"); Commco, L.L.C. ("Commco"); DCR Communications, Inc. ("DCR"); Digital Microwave Corporation ("Digital"); GHz Equipment Co., Inc. ("GHz Equipment"); GTE Service Corporation ("GTE"); Harris Corporation-Farinon Division ("Harris"); Milliwave Limited Partnership ("Milliwave"); Pacific Bell Mobile Services ("Pacific Bell"); Personal Communications Industry Association ("PCIA"); Telephone and Data Systems, Inc. ("TDS"); Winstar Communications, Inc. ("Winstar").

In the Matter of Amendment of the Commission's Rules Regarding the 37.0-38.6 GHz and 38.6-40.0 GHz Bands, Implementation of Section 309(j) of the Communications Act -- Competitive Bidding, 37.0-38.6 GHz and 38.6-40.0 GHz, Notice of Proposed Rule Making and Order, ET Docket No. 95-183, RM-8553, PP Docket No. 93-253, FCC 95-500, rel. Dec. 15, 1995 ("NPRM").

I. THE FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION ("COMMISSION") SHOULD NOT LIMIT 37/39 GHZ FIXED SERVICE OFFERINGS

In the NPRM, the Commission requested comment on whether it should make the 37 and 39 GHz bands available for point-to-point microwave operations that would provide intermediate links for mobile operations, such as personal communications services ("PCS"), and promote development of wireless local telephone service. US WEST supports this allocation, but encourages the Commission to expand the proposed allocation to allow for flexible fixed use of the spectrum, including point-to-multipoint operations. As the Commission notes: "Greater flexibility of use is likely to ensure that this spectrum is ultimately used for those services of highest value to the public."

Carriers would be able to utilize their spectrum to provide fixed wireless loop service to rural or less economically attractive areas, for example, if the Commission authorized flexible fixed use of the bands. The Commission has acknowledged the value of fixed wireless loop as an alternative to wireline service in another spectrum allocation proceeding. Allowing flexibility in the 37/39 GHz

³ <u>Id.</u> ¶ 1.

⁴ U S WEST believes that use of the 37/39 GHz spectrum will be broader in scope than PCS backhaul links and, accordingly, urges the Commission not to set aside spectrum for PCS but to allow the market to decide the use of the bands. <u>See</u> Winstar at 6; GHz Equipment at 7.

⁵ <u>NPRM</u> ¶ 110.

⁶ <u>Id.</u> ¶ 1. <u>See also</u> Winstar at 7-8; Ameritech at 3.

In the Matter of Amendment of the Commission's Rules To Permit Flexible Service Offerings in the Commercial Mobile Radio Services, WT Docket No. 96-6, Notice of Proposed Rule Making, FCC 96-17, rel. Jan. 25, 1996 ¶¶ 5-7. In this proceeding, U S WEST demonstrated to the Commission the

bands will allow the market to dictate use and will thus encourage technological advances and efficient use of spectrum, all beneficial to the consumer who will be provided with maximum choice.⁸

The Commission should not, however, allow mobile service operations or government space research operations in the bands. Mobile systems will cause interference with fixed systems, and government operations could disrupt point-to-point communications due to excessive powerflux density limits. Additionally, allowing space research operations presents difficulties in valuing the spectrum subject to auction. 10

II. THE COMMISSION SHOULD NOT LIMIT LOCAL EXCHANGE CARRIER ("LEC") PARTICIPATION IN THE 37/39 GHZ AUCTIONS

The Commission proposes open eligibility for all parties interested in bidding for 37 GHz or 39 GHz spectrum. US WEST endorses this proposal. Two commenters, however, recommend that the Commission restrict the eligibility of LECs. BizTel, while purporting to embrace the Commission's open eligibility approach, insists that it "would clearly be anti-competitive and contrary to the

practical and economical advantages of utilizing fixed wireless loop in remote areas which might otherwise be deprived of service. Comments of U S WEST, filed Feb. 26, 1996 at 4-5.

3

⁸ See, e.g., Bachow at 8-9; GHz Equipment at 5.

⁹ See, e.g., Harris at 4; PCIA at 4.

See also Winstar at 64; Digital at 3; Pacific Bell at 3.

¹¹ <u>NPRM</u> ¶ 97.

public interest to allow any local exchange service provider with monopoly power to obtain a 37 GHz or 39 GHz license covering any portion of its home operating territory." According to BizTel, allowing LEC participation in the 37 GHz auction would be akin to thwarting competition in the local services arena. BizTel proposes that, at a minimum, any LEC with monopoly power in a given basic trading area ("BTA") should have to certify compliance with the Section 271(c)(2)(B) competitive checklist as a prior condition to auction participation. While less specific, ALTS similarly urges the Commission to "establish safeguards to prevent incumbent LECs from obtaining all of the desirable channel blocks in a given competitive local exchange market and to ensure an opportunity for CLECs to obtain licenses. Neither commenter provides evidence to support its assertion that LECs will impede competition.

The proposals of BizTel and ALTS are gratuitous, given the Commission's intention to limit the amount of spectrum any one licensee can acquire: the NPRM proposal limits licensees to six of the 28-paired channel blocks and two of the four-unpaired channel blocks in each BTA in the combined bands.¹⁷ Given this

BizTel at 21.

¹³ <u>Id.</u>

¹⁴ Telecommunications Act of 1996, Pub. L. No. 104-104, 110 Stat. 56, 88 (1996) ("Telecommunications Act").

BizTel at 22.

 $^{^{16}}$ ALTS at 2.

¹⁷ NPRM ¶ 112.

limitation, there is no possibility that a LEC can monopolize a BTA; under the proposed cap a LEC, or any other licensee, can acquire only one-fourth of the available spectrum, at most, in the BTA.

If the Commission were to follow BizTel's logic, the results could be detrimental to customers in rural areas. As discussed above, if the Commission permits flexible fixed use within the 37/39 GHz bands, there will be customeroriented incentives (i.e., quick and economical deployment) for LECs to provide wireless local loop in rural areas of their service regions. These incentives would not necessarily flow to other telecommunications providers without the same connection to the area. In such instances, BizTel's recommendation would arbitrarily prevent the provision of economical and timely service to the area.

Finally, the proposals to limit LEC participation are contrary to the objectives of the Telecommunications Act: to promote competition, reduce regulation, and encourage the rapid deployment of new telecommunications technologies.¹⁸

III. THE COMMISSION SHOULD SANCTION DISAGGREGATION OF SPECTRUM AND GEOGRAPHIC PARTITIONING

The Commission proposes to license all of the channel blocks in the 37 GHz and 39 GHz bands utilizing BTAs and to auction the BTAs. 19 Several commenters

¹⁸ See Telecommunications Act, 110 Stat. at 56. See also Winstar at 36-37; Milliwave at 32-33.

¹⁹ NPRM ¶¶ 22, 25.

agree with this licensing scheme.²⁰ U S WEST also supports the two proposals, but with some qualification. The auctioning of BTAs in the bands should be undertaken only if the Commission authorizes disaggregation of spectrum and geographic partitioning.²¹

Elsewhere in the NPRM the Commission concludes that "license transfer restrictions may reduce the ability of licensees to put this spectrum to its highest valued use and [it] is therefore not proposing such requirements." For this reason, U S WEST urges the Commission to give 37 GHz and 39 GHz licensees sufficient flexibility to disaggregate their spectrum and partition their licensed service areas, whether it be by lease or sale. Consonant with the Commission's goals, disaggregation and partitioning allow market forces to drive the valuation of the spectrum. Such practices also encourage efficient use of spectrum and will facilitate market entry by newcomers with limited capital and/or spectrum needs.

²⁰ See, e.g., TDS at 5-7; Commco at 8-9.

Under this licensing scheme, U S WEST believes a substantial service showing would be an appropriate construction requirement.

²² <u>NPRM</u> ¶ 97.

 $^{^{23}}$ See id. \P 24. See also Pacific Bell at 6; AT&T at 10; GTE at 5; DCR at 7-8.

See DCR at 8. The Commission recognizes the benefits of geographic partitioning. See NPRM ¶ 89-90. See also In the Matter of Implementation of Section 309(j) of the Communications Act - Competitive Bidding, Fifth Report and Order, 9 FCC Rcd. 5532, 5597-99 ¶¶ 150-52 (1994)(The Commission allows broadband PCS licenses to be geographically partitioned to permit rural telephone companies to hold PCS licenses in their telephone service areas). Here, the Commission should adopt a broader version of that rule to allow various entities, not just rural telephone companies, to take advantage of partitioning.

IV. CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons, in crafting its rules for microwave operations in the 37/39 GHz bands, the Commission should permit any fixed services; authorize disaggregation of spectrum and geographic partitioning; and allow LEC participation without restriction.

Respectfully submitted,

US WEST, Inc.

By:

Coleen M. Egan Helmreich

Suite 700

1020 19th Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20036

(303) 672-2737

Of Counsel, Dan L. Poole

April 1, 1996

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Kelseau Powe, Jr., do hereby certify that on this 1st day of April, 1996, I have caused a copy of the foregoing U S WEST, INC. REPLY COMMENTS to be served via first-class United States Mail, postage prepaid, upon the persons listed on the attached service list.

K**e**lseau Powe, Jr.

*Via Hand-Delivery

(ET95183.COS/CH/lh)

*James H. Quello Federal Communications Commission Room 802 1919 M Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20554 *Reed E. Hundt Federal Communications Commission Room 814 1919 M Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20554

*Andrew C. Barrett Federal Communications Commission Room 826 1919 M Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20554 *Susan P. Ness Federal Communications Commission Room 832 1919 M Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20554

*Rachelle B. Chong Federal Communications Commission Room 844 1919 M Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20554 *Robert H. McNamara Federal Communications Commission Room 5322 2025 M Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20554

*Michele Farquhar Federal Communications Commission Room 5002 2025 M Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20554 *Bob James Federal Communications Commission Room 6310 2025 M Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20554

*Jennifer Burton Federal Communications Commission Room 406-K 2033 M Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20554 *Richard M. Smith Federal Communications Commission Room 480 2000 M Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20554 *Tom Mooring Federal Communications Commission Room 480 2000 M Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20554 *Fred Lee Thomas Federal Communications Commission Room 429 2000 M Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20554

*International Transcription Services, Inc. Room 246 1919 M Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20554 Robert J. Miller Gardere & Wynne, LLP Suite 3000 1601 Elm Street Dallas, TX 75201 (2 copies)

ALCATEL TIA

Richard J. Metzger
Association for Local Telecommunications
Services
Suite 560
1200 19th Street, N.W.
Washington, DC 20036

Bruce D. Jacobs Glenn S. Richards Stephen J. Berman Fisher, Wayland, Cooper, Leader, & Zaragoza, LLP Suite 400 2001 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20006

AMSC

Lon C. Levin AMSC Subsidiary Corporation 10802 Park Ridge Boulevard Reston, VA 22091 David C. Jatlow Young & Jatlow Suite 600 2300 N Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20037

AT&T

Cathleen A. Massey AT&T Wireless Services, Inc. 4th Floor 1150 Connecticut Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20036 Ernest A. Gleit AT&T Corp. Room 3252F3 295 North Maple Avenue Basking Ridge, NJ 07920 Christopher R. Hardy Comsearch 2002 Edmund Halley Drive Reston, VA 22091 Leonard Robert Raish TIA/IC/HC-FD/DMC Fletcher, Heald & Hildreth, PLC 11th Floor 1300 North 17th Street Rosslyn, VA 22209 (4 copies)

George M. Kizer
Denis Couillard
Eric Schimmel
Telecommunications Industry Association
Suite 300
2500 Wilson Boulevard
Arlington, VA 22201

MOTOROLA

ARTC

Michael D. Kennedy Barry Lambergman Motorola, Inc. Suite 400 1350 Eye Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20005

Philip L. Malet
Alfred Mamlet
Pantelis Michalopoulos
Pamela S. Strauss
Steptoe & Johnson, LLP
1330 Connecticut Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20036

Mark J. Golden
Personal Communications Industry
Association
Suite 1100
1019 19th Street, N.W.
Washington, DC 20036

Pierson, Burnett and Hanley 8th Floor 1667 K Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20036 W. Theodore Pierson, Jr. Advanced Radio Telecom Corp. 8th Floor 1667 K Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20036

O. James Klein Altron Communications, LC 2038 East Kael Circle Mesa, AZ 85213 Robert A. Mazer Albert Shuldiner Vinson & Elkins, LLP 1455 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20004 ANGEL

Robert J. Keller Law Office of Robert J. Keller, PC Suite 200 2000 L Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20036

B&A. Inc.

MLP

Walter H. Sonnenfeldt Walter Sonnenfeldt & Associates 4904 Ertter Drive Rockville, MD 20852

Carl W. Northrop E. Ashton Johnston Janofsky & Walker 10th Floor 1299 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20004

Jonathan D. Blake Kurt A. Wimmer Catherine J. Dargan Covington & Burling 1201 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. **POB 7566** Washington, DC 20044

Louis Gurman SCC Andrea S. Miano COMMCO Gurman, Blask & Freedman, Chartered Suite 500 1400 16th Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20036 (2 copies)

Thomas J. Dougherty, Jr. Gardner, Carton & Douglas Suite 900 East 1301 K Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20005

Steven P. Seiter GHz Equipment Company, Inc. Suite 202 1834 East Baseline Road Tempe, AZ 85283

William R. Richardson, Jr. Lynn R. Charytan Wilmer, Cutler & Pickering 2445 M Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20037-1420

Bruce R. Francis Spectrum Communications, LC 7521 East Edgemont Scottsdale, AZ 85257

Thomas A. Hart PCS FUND Ginsburg, Feldman and Bress 8th Floor 1250 Connecticut Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20554

BIZTEL

DCT

CMC

DCR.

Philip L. Verveer Michael F. Finn Willkie, Farr & Gallagher Suite 600 Three Lafayette Center 1155 21st Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20036-3384

WINSTAR

NO WIRE

T&DSI

Timothy R. Graham Leo I. George Joseph M. Sandri, Jr. Winstar Communications, Inc. 1146 19th Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20036

James J. Freeman Reed, Smith, Shaw & McClay Suite 1100-East Tower 1301 K Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20005-3317 Michael K. Owens Ameritech Operating Companies Room 3C46 2000 West Ameritech Center Drive Hoffman Estates, IL 60196-1025

William R. Lye National Spectrum Managers Association RR 7, Box 87 Fulton, NY 13069 Donald J. Evans McFadden, Evans & Sill, PC Suite 810 1627 Eye Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20006

George Y. Wheeler Koteen & Naftalin 1150 Connecticut Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20036 R. Michael Senkowski Katherine M. Holden Wiley, Rein & Fielding 1776 K Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20006

James L. Wurtz Margaret E. Garber Pacific/Nevada Bell 4th Floor 1275 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20004 James P. Tuthill Betsy Stover Granger Pacific Bell Mobile Services 4th Floor, Building 2 4420 Rosewood Drive Pleasanton, CA 94588 TGI

GTE

Daniel S. Goldberg Goldberg, Godles, Wiener & Wright 1229 19th Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20036

8255 North Central Park Skokie, IL 60076

Rand McNally & Company

Neil P. Bryne Suite 300 201 North Union Street Alexandria, VA 22314-2642 (ET95183.CH/lh) Last Update: 3/28/96

Deborah Lipoff